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Introducing Whole Pet with Wellness!

whole pet[™] with wellness 90% back on all veterinary bills 0

Coverage Highlights:

- . •
- One annual deductible—not per incident 90% reimbursement on veterinary expenses All veterinary exams including specialty and emergency visits All hospitalization and surgeries including preventive and elective procedures All injuries, illnesses, and cancer including hereditary and congenital conditions All diagnostic testing including xrays, MRIs, CAT scans and ultrasounds All prescribed medications, nutritional supplements and therapeutic diets All preventive care including vaccinations, teeth cleaning and spay/neuter .
- :

Introducing Whole Pet with Wellness! whole pet 90% back on all veterinary bills It's easier to tell you what we don't cover: Pre-existing conditions
Boarding
Grooming
Tax
Waste











Dried plants

- #2 source at PPH
- Not your parent's plants...
 Up to 20% THC
 - Joint = 15-30 mg THC
- Tend to see more vomiting















Parison Andre 21 Autor andre 21 Autor Baller andre 21						
The MinnMed Formulary Spectrum						
(available in MN only)						
THC Dominant	Balanced THC:CBD	CBD Dominant				
Red INC Construct Consult rooter Product Red RecOBINE Product RecOBINE RECOBINE RECOBI	Yellow Brcc0040 Amada Peakar	Indigo (DD Dunker Roder: Peder: Poder:				
THC Level		CBD Level				
Graphic	courtesy of Minnesota Medi	cal Solutions Nationwide				





- Additives in liquid formulations (alcohol, etc.)





What is Xylitol

- Naturally occurring sugar alcohol found in hardwoods such as birch.
- Xylan from bark is hydrolyzed and processed to produce xylitol
- Produced using corncob remnants from ethanol plants
- Discovered in 1891
- Approved by the FDA in 1986 as a food additive and has unlimited restrictions regarding its safety
- Used in over 35 countries

Characteristics of Xylitol

- Sweetener
- Anticariogenic
- Antimicrobial for oral bacteria
- Low glycemic index, ideal for diabetics
- Cooling effect in oral and nasal cavities
- Humectant
- Prevents fermentation and molding



Recent studies

- Ear infections
- Wound bandaging
- Return of post-operative intestinal motility
- Study in rats to ameliorate type-2 diabetes

Where is Xylitol Found

- Low levels in fruits and vegetables - strawberries, raspberries, plums, lettuce and many others
- Available in granular form
- Sugar-Free food products
 - Gum

- Candies
- Peanut butter
- Pudding
- Specialty ice creams
- Many others
- Weight loss foods/Energy bars/Protein Powder

Newer products containing xylitol Prescription medications Liquid and chewable formulations Compounded drugs OTC products Toothpaste/Mouth rinse Nasal sprays Chidera's supplements Vitamins Chidera's supplements and medications Weight loss products Decodorants Make-up remover Skin gel/Lotions More....

Xylitol in Dogs

- Rapidly absorbed in the stomach
- Metabolism occurs primarily in the liver – Most is rapidly converted to glucose
- Causes stimulation of pancreatic islet cells
 - Results in insulin release
 - Dose dependent increase in plasma insulin concentration
- Contrast from humans as it is metabolized independently of insulin



Xylitol Toxicity in dogs 0.1g/kg: Hypoglycemia 0.5g/kg: Acute hepatic necrosis Hypoglycemia may be seen within 30 minutes Due to insulin release +/- Hypokalemia Acute hepatic necrosis may be seen in less than 24 hours for large ingestions

- Two theories for MOA
- ALT rises within 12 hours, peaks within 1-2 days

Personal Personal Milling Personal Milli

Xylitol Toxicity Calculations

- Common standard xylitol amount calculations – Use CAUTIOUSLY
 - 0.3g/piece if xylitol is not the first sugar alcohol
 - 1g/piece if xylitol is the first sugar alcohol
- Why doesn't a standard calculation for gum work?

• Xylitol amounts can range from approx. 2mg-1.15gm or more per piece!











 Patient should maintain euglycemia for 6 hours without supplementation before discharge

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- Electrolytes (Hypokalemia)
- Liver values
- Baseline and recheck q 12 hours for 48 hours and again at 72 hours
- Hepatoprotectant
- Sam-E x 2 weeks

Xylitol Toxicity Treatment

• Toxic Ingestions

ACT PAT

- >0.5g/kg WITH Liver elevations
 - IV fluids with 2.5-5% dextrose supplementation
 - Monitor blood glucose
 - NAC x 17 doses
 - Sam-E x 4 weeks
 - Monitor for development of secondary coagulopathy
 - FFP and vitamin K1 if coagulopathy occurs
 - Continue to monitor for stabilization and improvement in liver values

Xylitol Toxicity Treatment Long-term monitoring Recheck liver values at 1, 2 and 4 weeks to ensure values are returning to normal Hepatoprotectants and monitoring liver enzymes

- Hepatoprotectants and monitoring liver enzymes past 4 weeks not generally necessary
 - Exception for patients with underlying liver disease prior to toxicity
- No reports to date of chronic hepatic dysfunction









Laundry Detergent Pods Individual packet filled with the concentrated

- Individual packet filled with the concentrate liquid detergent for one load of laundry.
- Use in Europe since 2001.
- First marketed in the United States in 2012.
- Contain ionic and non-ionic surfactants









Why are these pods so dangerous?

- Thin, dissolvable membrane under pressure from concentrated liquid soap
- After being punctured, pressure on the pack causes a fountain of soap to come out



Non-ionic & Anionic Surfactant Symptoms

Reported effects

- Most common effects: skin, mucosal, and eye irritation.
- Vomiting and diarrhea may occur, usually self-limiting.
- Aspiration can cause upper airway irritationand respiratory distress, most often in young children.
- Rarely, ingestion can cause caustic injury to the GI tract.
- Significant corneal injury is rare, but has been reported after ocular exposure.

Pediatric Pod Exposures Vomiting Coughing Loss of consciousness Airway compromise (rare) Esophageal perforation (rare)

PPH Data on Laundry Detergent Pods 319 PPH cases from March 1, 2012 – March 1, 2015 244 patients (76.5%) developed symptoms Vomiting = 197 (80.7%) Cough = 63 (25.8%) Lethargy = 43 (17.6%) Nasal discharge = 35 (14.3%) Dyspnea, wheezing, or other respiratory irritation = 39 (16%) Vomiting preceded respiratory signs in the majority of

cases		
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	SYMPTOM	POD	NON-POD		
1	Vomiting	197 (80.7%)	73 (19.68%)		
1	Cough	63 (25.8%)	26 (7%)		
1	Lethargy	43 (17.6%)	28 (7.55%)		
1	Nasal discharge	35 (14.3%)	4 (1.08%)		
1	Dyspnea, wheezing, or other respiratory irritation	39 (16%)	46 (12.38%)		
4	Any	244 (76.5%)	147 (62.8%)		
			Nationw		



What's the Prognosis?

- Three deaths reported (1%).No necropsies performed.
- One puppy was enthanized after presenting with shock and hypoglycemia 16h after exposure to 2 PODS.
- One cat died after developing a T = 108 $\rm F^{o}$ (42.2C^{o}) ; clinician notes that the cat was suspected to have been in the dryer.
- No surgeries or endoscopies were reported to have been performed, but follow-up is limited
- Although significant symptoms are commonly seen, our information is that they typically do well with supportive care. This is similar to the human data.
- Published statistics are scarce.

Treatment Do's & Don'ts

- Do not induce emesis.
- Do not give charcoal.
- Encourage dilution
 - Be careful not to increase aspiration risk
 Dilution may be controversial in humans
- If the animal is vomiting, give an anti-emetic and monitor for signs of aspiration pneumonia
 - Radiographic evidence may be delayed

Symptomatic and Supportive Care

- Maintain hydration with balanced crystalloid
- Provide humidified oxygen
- Antibiotics for respiratory signs
- Steroid is indicated if there is severe oropharyngeal inflammation
- Analgesia
- GI protectants (?)

















Thank you for attending!

CE credit FAQs

- I. When will I get my CE certificate? We'll email it to you within 24 hrs. 2.
- I attended the webiars but wasn't the person who logged in. Can I still get interactive CE credit? Yes. Send your name and email address to info@petpoisonhelpine.com by I pm central time on Feb 10, 2016 (strict deadline). Can I watch the recorded webiars online for CE credit? Yes. You can receive non-interactive CE credit. Go to the "For Vets" page on our website, www.petpoisonhelpine.com 3. for more info.

Comments? Questions? Email us! info@petpoisonhelpline.com